

TOSHIBA CCD Linear Image Sensor CCD (Charge Coupled Device)

TCD2724DG-1

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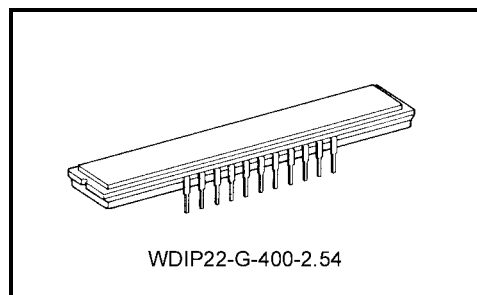
The TCD2724DG-1 is a high sensitive and low dark current 7450 elements × 3 lines CCD color image sensor.

The sensor is designed for color scanner.

The device contains a row of 7450 elements × 3 lines photodiodes which provide 24 lines/mm across a A3 size paper. The device is operated by 3.3 V (Pulse), and 10V power supply.

Features

- Number of image sensing pixels: 7450 elements × 3 lines
- Image sensing pixels size: 4.7 μm by 4.7 μm on 4.7 μm center
- Photo sensing: High sensitive pn photodiode
- Clock: 2 phase (3.3 V)
- Distance between photodiode array: Pixel R to pixel G, and pixel G to pixel B = 18.8 μm (4 lines)
- Internal circuit: Clamp circuit, Sample and Hold Circuit, Low capacitance input
- Package: 22 pin CERDIP
- Color filter: Red, Green, Blue



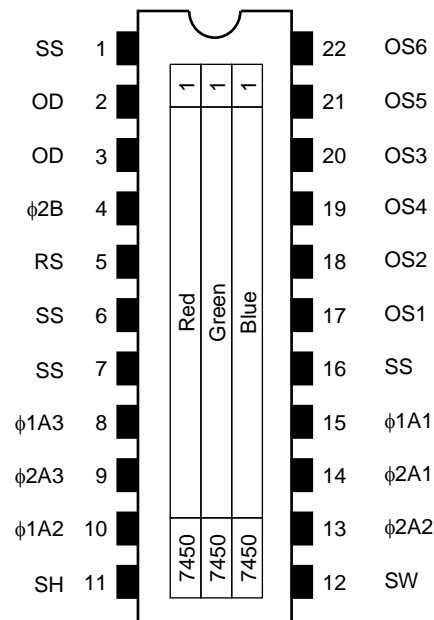
Weight: 4.4 g (typ.)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

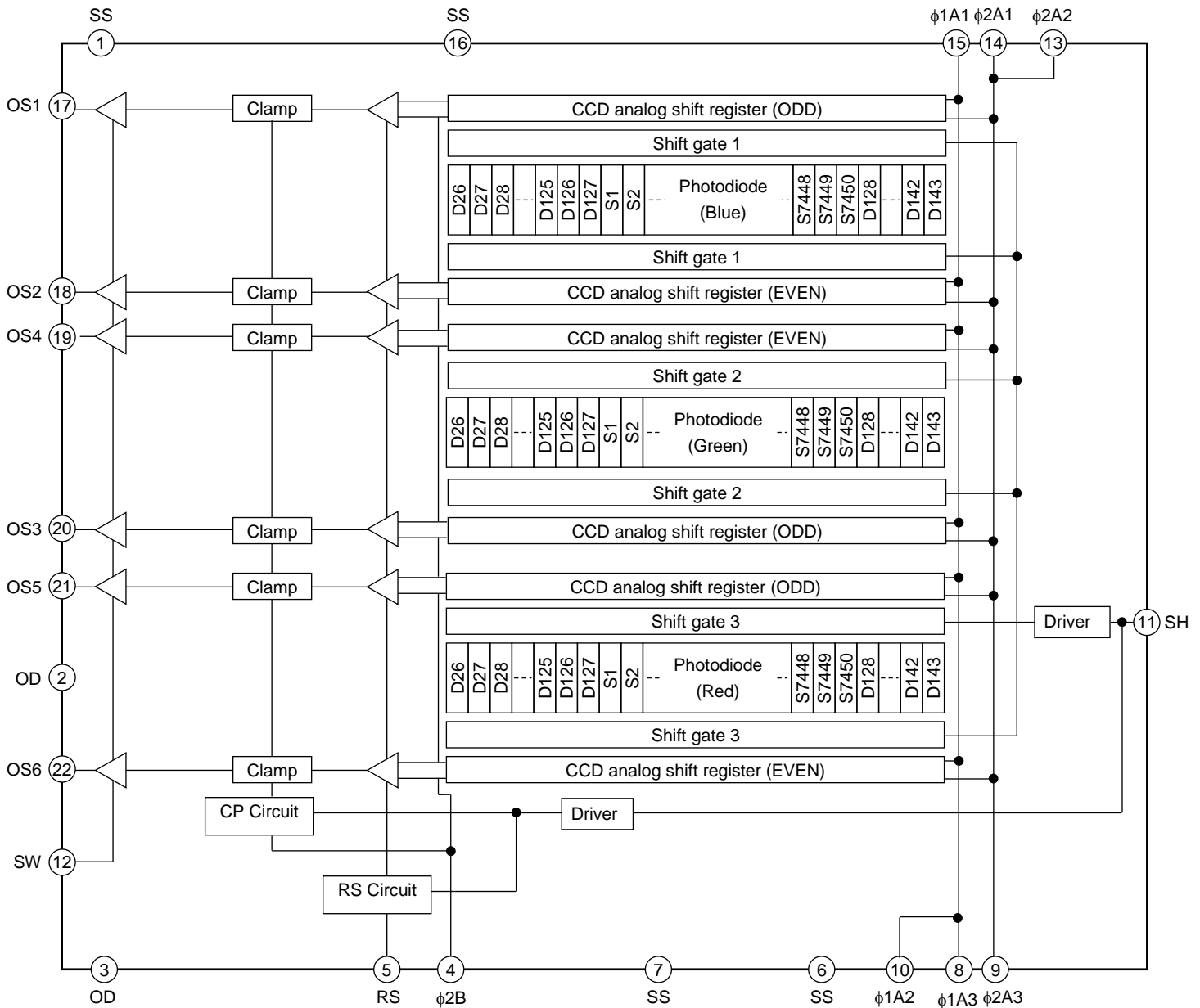
| Characteristics | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------|------|
| Clock pulse voltage | $V_{\phi A}$ | -0.3 to +8.0 | V |
| Last stage clock pulse voltage | $V_{\phi B}$ | | |
| Shift pulse voltage | V_{SH} | | |
| Reset pulse voltage | V_{RS} | | |
| Switch pulse voltage | V_{SW} | | |
| Power supply voltage | V_{OD} | -0.3 to +13.5 | V |
| Operating temperature | T_{opr} | 0 to 60 | °C |
| Storage temperature | T_{stg} | -25 to +85 | °C |

Note 1: All voltages are with respect to SS terminals (ground).
 None of the ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS must be exceeded, even instantaneously.
 If any one of the ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS is exceeded, the electrical characteristics, reliability and life time of the device cannot be guaranteed.
 If the ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded, the device can be permanently damaged or degraded.
 Create a system design in such a manner that any of the ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS will not be exceeded under any circumstances.

Pin connection (top view)



Circuit Diagram



Pin Names

| No. | Name | Description | No. | Name | Description |
|-----|------------|-------------------------------------|-----|------------|---|
| 1 | SS | Ground | 22 | OS6 | Signal Output 6 (Red-EVEN) |
| 2 | OD | Power supply | 21 | OS5 | Signal Output 5 (Red-ODD) |
| 3 | OD | Power supply | 20 | OS3 | Signal Output 3 (Green-ODD) |
| 4 | $\phi 2B$ | Last stage transfer clock (phase 2) | 19 | OS4 | Signal Output 4 (Green-EVEN) |
| 5 | RS | Reset gate | 18 | OS2 | Signal Output 2 (Blue-EVEN) |
| 6 | SS | Ground | 17 | OS1 | Signal Output 1 (Blue-ODD) |
| 7 | SS | Ground | 16 | SS | Ground |
| 8 | $\phi 1A3$ | Transfer clock 3 (phase 1) | 15 | $\phi 1A1$ | Transfer clock 1 (phase 1) |
| 9 | $\phi 2A3$ | Transfer clock 3 (phase 2) | 14 | $\phi 2A1$ | Transfer clock 1 (phase 2) |
| 10 | $\phi 1A2$ | Transfer clock 2 (phase 1) | 13 | $\phi 2A2$ | Transfer clock 2 (phase 2) |
| 11 | SH | Shift Gate | 12 | SW | Switch gate (Sample and hold output select) |

Optical/Electrical Characteristics

Ta=25°C, VOD=10V, Vφ=VRS=VSH=3.3V(pulse), fφ=1.0 MHz,
tINT(integration time)=10ms, light source=light source A+CM500S(t=1.0 mm)

| Characteristics | | Symbol | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit | Note |
|--|-------|----------|------|------|------|----------|-----------|
| Sensitivity Enable sample and hold | Red | RR | 9.0 | 12.8 | 16.6 | V/(lx·s) | (Note 2) |
| | Green | RG | 10.5 | 15.0 | 19.5 | | |
| | Blue | RB | 3.6 | 5.2 | 6.8 | | |
| Sensitivity Disable sample and hold | Red | RR | 10.0 | 14.3 | 18.6 | | |
| | Green | RG | 11.8 | 16.9 | 22.0 | | |
| | Blue | RB | 4.0 | 5.8 | 7.5 | | |
| Photo response non uniformity | | PRNU (1) | — | 5 | 20 | % | (Note 3) |
| | | PRNU (3) | — | 3 | 12 | mV | (Note 4) |
| Saturation output voltage | | VSAT | 1.2 | 1.8 | — | V | (Note 5) |
| Saturation exposure | | SE | 0.05 | 0.1 | — | lx·s | (Note 6) |
| Dark signal voltage | | VDRK | — | 0.5 | 6 | mV | (Note 7) |
| Dark signal non uniformity | | DSNU | — | 10 | 12 | mV | (Note 8) |
| DC power dissipation | | PD | — | 700 | 1050 | mW | — |
| Total transfer efficiency | | TTE | 92 | 97 | — | % | — |
| Output impedance | | ZO | — | 0.2 | 0.5 | kΩ | — |
| DC signal output voltage | | VOS | 3.7 | 5.2 | 6.7 | V | (Note 9) |
| Random noise (Enable sample and hold) | | NDσ | — | 1.4 | — | mV | (Note 10) |
| Random noise (Disable sample and hold) | | | — | 1.1 | — | | |

Note 2: Sensitivity is defined for each color of signal outputs average when the photosensitive surface is applied with the light of uniform illumination and uniform color temperature.

Note 3: PRNU (1) is defined for each color on a single chip by the expressions below when the photosensitive surface is applied with the light of uniform illumination and uniform color temperature, and the incident light is 50% of Vsat (Min.).

$$PRNU (1) = \frac{\Delta\chi}{\bar{\chi}} \times 100 (\%)$$

$\bar{\chi}$: Average of total signal outputs

$\Delta\chi$: The maximum deviation from $\bar{\chi}$.

Note 4: PRNU (3) is defined as maximum voltage with next pixel, where measured 5% of SE (typ.).

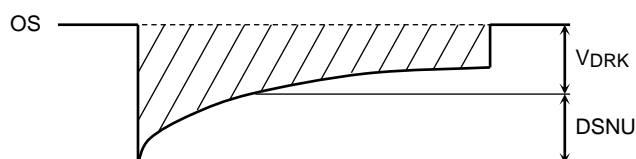
Note 5: VSAT is defined as minimum saturation output voltage of all effective pixels.

Note 6: Definition of SE:

$$SE = \frac{V_{SAT}}{R_G}$$

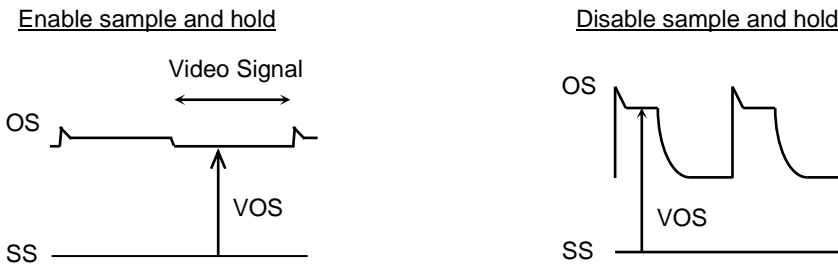
Note 7: VDRK is defined as average dark signal voltage of all effective pixels.

Note 8: DSNU is defined by the difference between average value (VDRK) and the maximum value of the dark voltage.



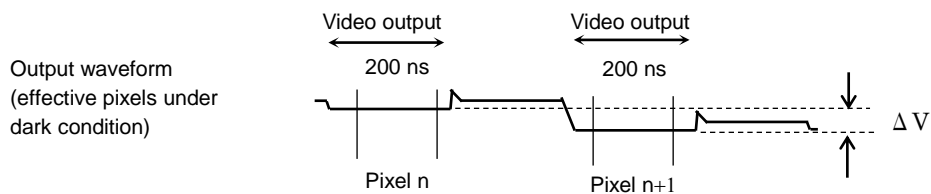
Note 9: DC signal output voltage is defined as follows:

Video Signal with Sample and hold represents the Dummy outputs period.

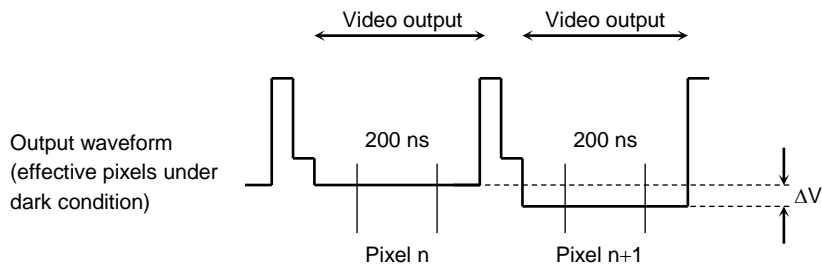


Note 10: Random noise is defined as the standard deviation (sigma) of the output level difference between two adjacent effective pixels under no illumination (i.e. dark condition) calculated by the following procedure.

Enable sample and hold



Disable sample and hold



- 1) Two adjacent pixels (pixel n and n + 1) in one reading are fixed as measurement points.
- 2) Each of the output levels at video output periods averaged over 200 nanosecond period to get V_n and V_{n+1} .
- 3) V_{n+1} is subtracted from V_n to get ΔV .

$$\Delta V = V_n - V_{n+1}$$
- 4) The standard deviation of ΔV is calculated after procedure 2) and 3) are repeated 30 times (30 readings).

$$\overline{\Delta V} = \frac{1}{30} \sum_{i=1}^{30} |\Delta V_i|$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{1}{30} \sum_{i=1}^{30} (|\Delta V_i| - \overline{\Delta V})^2}$$

- 5) Procedure 2), 3) and 4) are repeated 10 times to get 10 sigma values.

$$\overline{\sigma} = \frac{1}{10} \sum_{j=1}^{10} \sigma_j$$

- 6) $\overline{\sigma}$ value calculated using the above procedure is observed $\sqrt{2}$ times larger than that measured relative to the ground level. So we specify the random noise as follows.

$$ND_{\sigma} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \overline{\sigma}$$

Operating Condition (Ta=25°C)

For best performance, the device should be used within the Recommended Operating Conditions.

| Characteristics | | Symbol | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------|------------|---------------|-----|------|------|------|
| Clock pulse voltage | High level | $V_{\phi 1A}$ | 3.1 | 3.3 | 5.5 | V |
| | Low level | $V_{\phi 2A}$ | 0 | — | 0.1 | |
| Last stage clock pulse voltage | High level | $V_{\phi 2B}$ | 3.1 | 3.3 | 5.5 | V |
| | Low level | | 0 | — | 0.1 | |
| Shift pulse voltage | High level | V_{SH} | 3.1 | 3.3 | 5.5 | V |
| | Low level | | 0 | — | 0.1 | |
| Reset pulse voltage | High level | V_{RS} | 3.1 | 3.3 | 5.5 | V |
| | Low level | | 0 | — | 0.1 | |
| Switch pulse voltage | High level | V_{SW} | 3.1 | 3.3 | 5.5 | V |
| | Low level | | 0 | — | 0.1 | |
| Power supply voltage | | V_{OD} | 9.5 | 10.0 | 10.5 | V |

Clock Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

For best performance, the device should be used within the Recommended Operating Conditions.

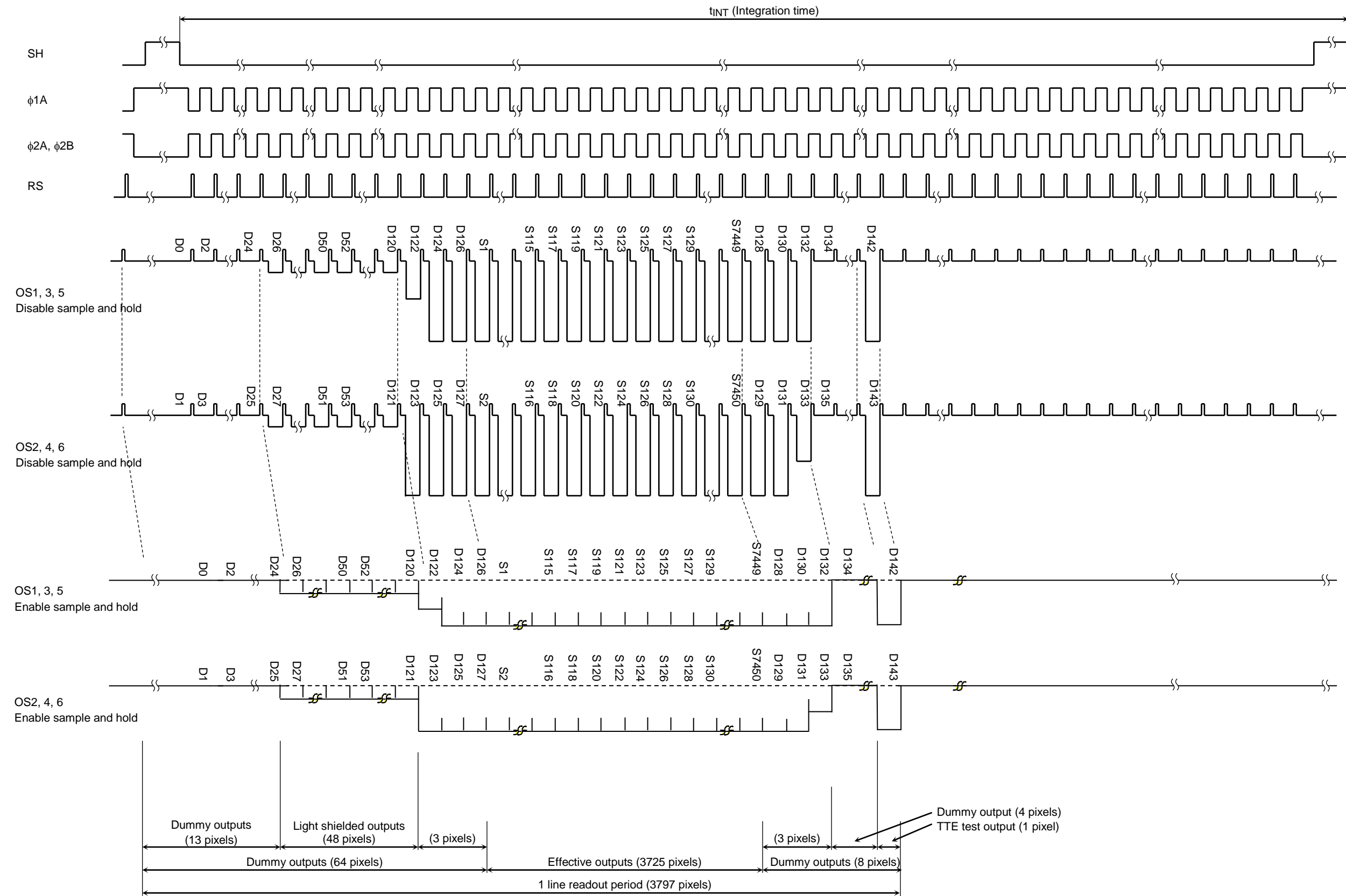
| Characteristics | Symbol | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|------------------------------|--------------|-----|------|------|------|
| Clock pulse frequency | f_{ϕ} | 1.0 | 1.0 | 35.0 | MHz |
| Reset pulse frequency | f_{RS} | 1.0 | 1.0 | 35.0 | MHz |
| Clock capacitance (Note 11) | $C_{\phi A}$ | — | 65 | — | pF |
| Last stage clock capacitance | $C_{\phi B}$ | — | 7 | — | pF |
| Shift gate capacitance | C_{SH} | — | 20 | — | pF |
| Reset gate capacitance | C_{RS} | — | 7 | — | pF |

Note 11: $V_{OD} = 10\text{ V}$, input capacitance per a pin.

Mode select (selection sample and hold)

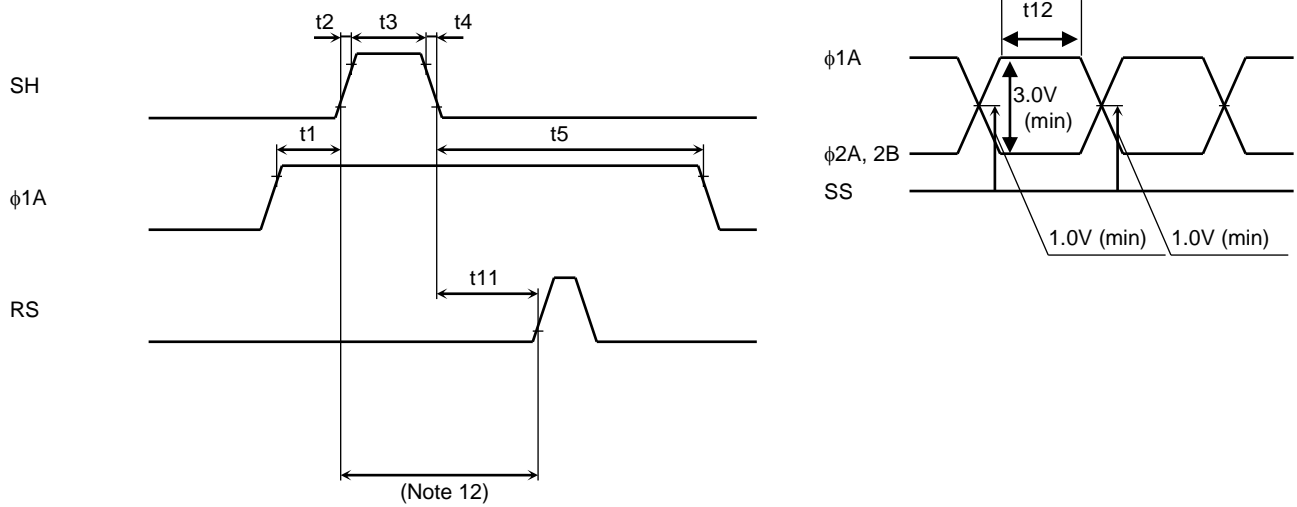
| Mode | SW |
|-------------------------|----|
| Enable sample and hold | H |
| Disable sample and hold | L |

Timing Chart 1

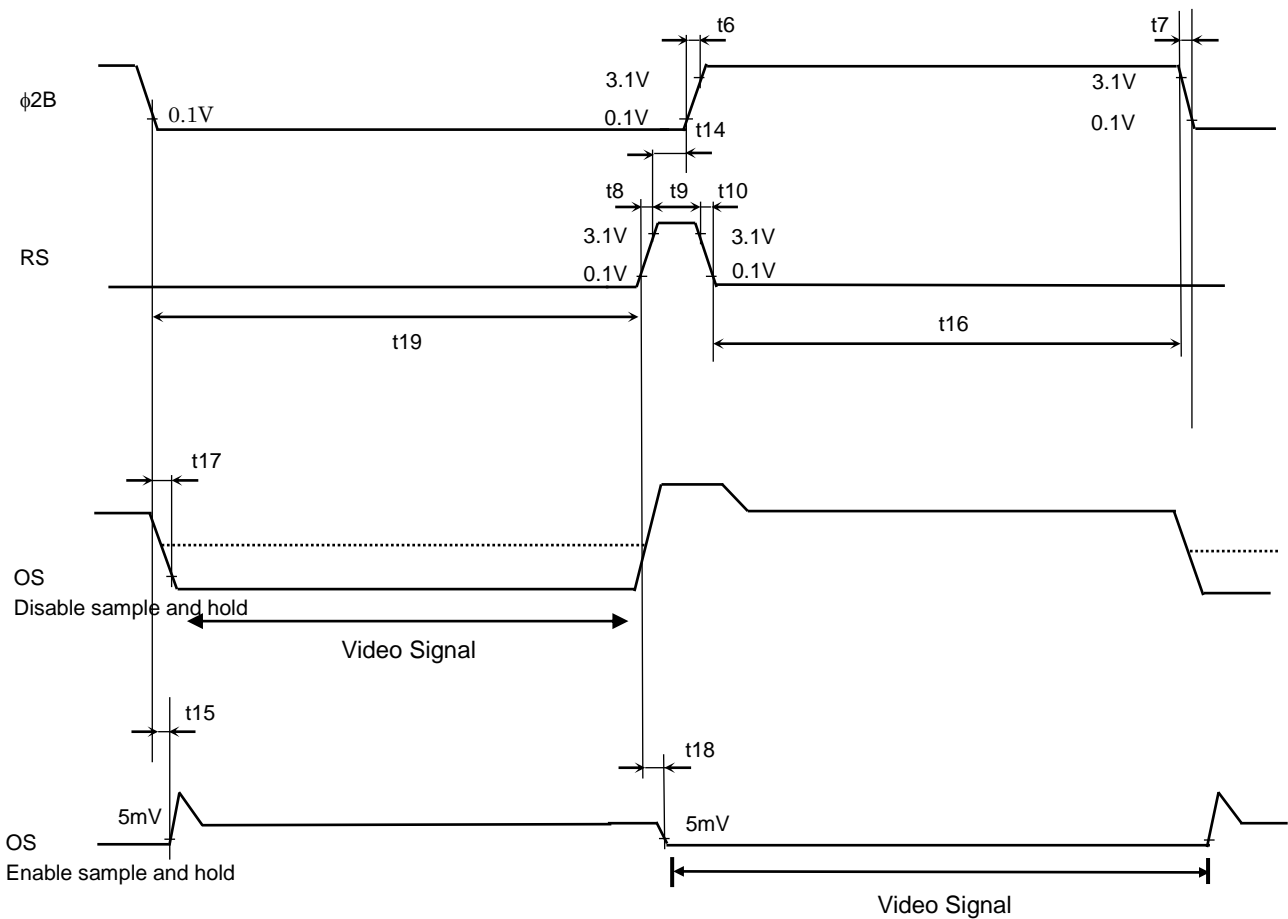


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Timing Requirements



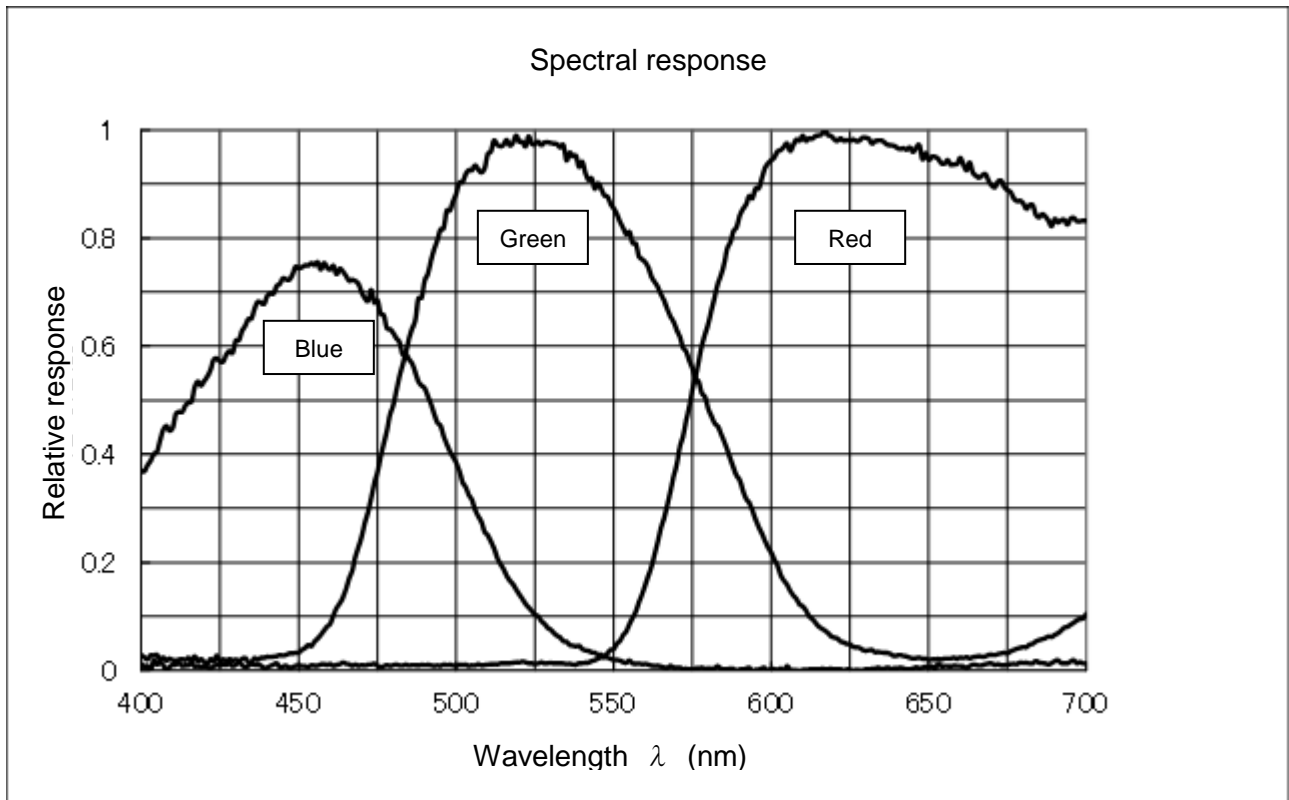
Note 12: Hold the RS pin at low during this period.



| Characteristics | Symbol | Min | Typ (Note 13) | Max | Unit |
|---|---------|------|------------------|-----|------|
| Pulse timing of SH and ϕ 1A | t1 | 120 | 1000 | — | ns |
| | t5 | 1000 | 1200 | — | |
| SH pulse rise time, fall time | t2, t4 | 0 | 50 | — | ns |
| SH pulse width | t3 | 2000 | 5000 | — | ns |
| ϕ 1, ϕ 2 pulse rise time, fall time | t6, t7 | 0 | 50 | — | ns |
| RS pulse rise time, fall time | t8, t10 | 0 | 20 | — | ns |
| RS pulse width | t9 | 6 | 100 | — | ns |
| Pulse timing of SH and RS | t11 | 500 | — | — | ns |
| ϕ 1A, ϕ 2A pulse width | t12 | 7 | 100 | — | ns |
| Pulse timing of ϕ 2B and RS | t14 | 0 | 0 | — | ns |
| | t16 | 6 | 100 | — | ns |
| | t19 | 8 | 100 | — | ns |
| Video data delay time | t17 | — | 7 | — | ns |
| Video data delay time Enable sample and hole | t18 | — | 7 | — | ns |
| ϕ 2B pulse timing of OS | t15 | — | 0 | — | ns |

Note 13: Measured with fRS = 1 MHz.

Typical Spectral Response



Cautions

1. Electrostatic Breakdown

Store in shorting clip or in conductive foam to avoid electrostatic breakdown.

CCD Image Sensor is protected against static electricity, but inferior puncture mode device due to static electricity is sometimes detected. In handing the device, it is necessary to execute the following static electricity preventive measures, in order to prevent the trouble rate increase of the manufacturing system due to static electricity.

- a. Prevent the generation of static electricity due to friction by making the work with bare hands or by putting on cotton gloves and non-charging working clothes.
- b. Discharge the static electricity by providing earth plate or earth wire on the floor, door or stand of the work room.
- c. Ground the tools such as soldering iron, radio cutting pliers or pincer.

It is not necessarily required to execute all precaution items for static electricity.

It is all right to mitigate the precautions by confirming that the trouble rate within the prescribed range.

2. Window Glass

The dust and stain on the glass window of the package degrade optical performance of CCD sensor.

Keep the glass window clean by saturating a cotton swab in alcohol and lightly wiping the surface, and allow the glass to dry, by blowing with filtered dry N₂. Care should be taken to avoid mechanical or thermal shock because the glass window is easily to damage.

3. Incident Light

CCD sensor is sensitive to infrared light. Note that infrared light component degrades resolution and PRNU of CCD sensor.

4. Mounting on a PCB

This package is sensitive to mechanical stress.

TOSHIBA recommends using IC inserters for mounting, instead of using lead forming equipment.

Since this package is not strong against mechanical stress, you should not reform the lead frame.

We recommend to use an IC-inserter when you assemble to PCB.

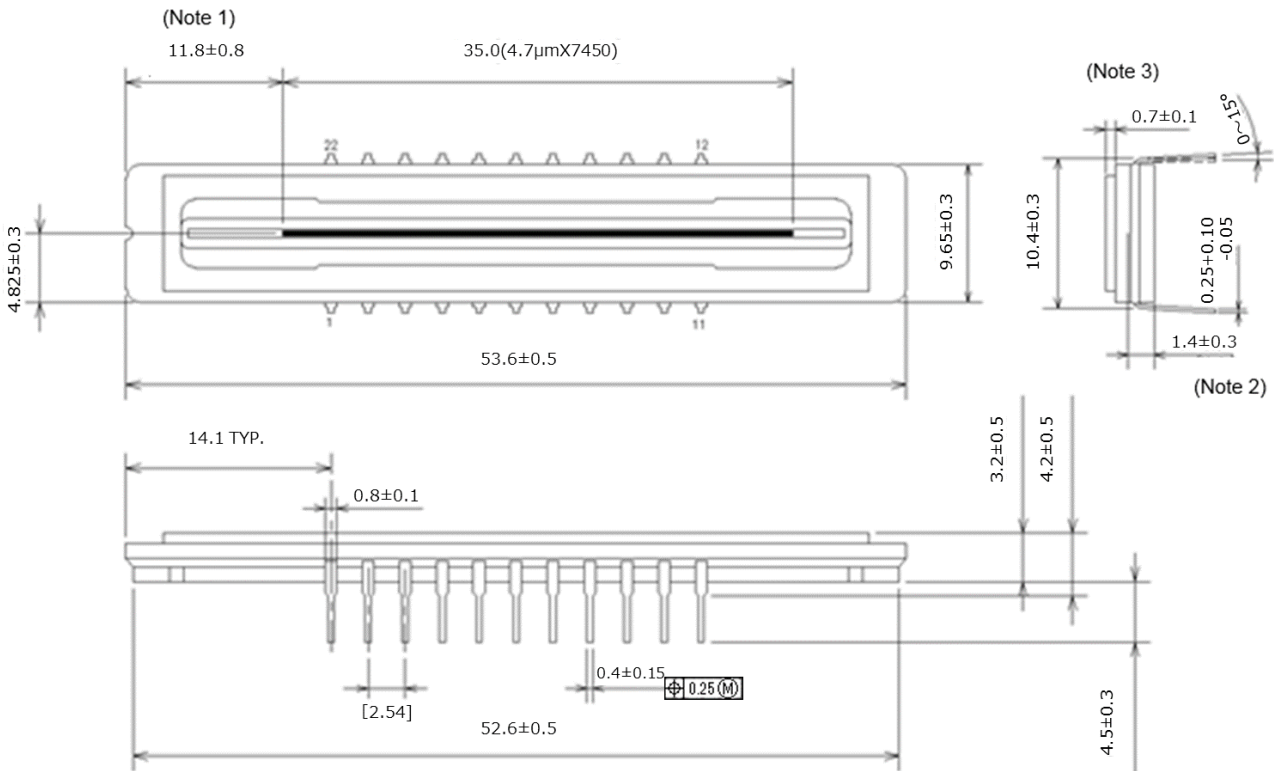
5. Soldering

Soldering by the solder flow method cannot be guaranteed because this method may have deleterious effects on prevention of window glass soiling and heat resistance.

Using a soldering iron, complete soldering within three seconds for lead temperatures of up to 350°C.

Package Dimensions

WDIP22-G-400-2.54



Note 1 : Nn.1 Sensor element (S1) to edge of package.

Note 2 : Top of chip to bottom of package.

Note 3 : Glass thickness (n = 1.5)

Unit : mm

Weight: 4.4 g (typ.)

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